- (1) Any rights or obligations of the regulatory authority or of the permittee with respect to any inspection, notice of violation or cessation order, whether prior or subsequent to such compliance conference; or
- (2) The validity of any notice of violation or cessation order issued with respect to any condition or practice reviewed at the compliance conference.

PART 842—FEDERAL INSPECTIONS AND MONITORING

Sec.

842.1 Scope.

842.11 Federal inspections and monitoring.

842.12 Requests for Federal inspections.

842.13 Right of entry.

842.14 Review of adequacy and completeness of inspections.

842.15 Review of decision not to inspect or enforce.

842.16 Availability of records.

AUTHORITY: Pub. L. 95–87, 30 U.S.C. 1201 et seq.; and Pub. L. 100–34.

Source: 47 FR 35635, Aug. 16, 1982, unless otherwise noted.

§842.1 Scope.

This part sets forth general procedures governing Federal inspections under the permanent regulatory program.

§842.11 Federal inspections and monitoring.

- (a) Authorized representatives of the Secretary shall conduct inspections of surface coal mining and reclamation operations as necessary—
- (1) To monitor and evaluate the administration of approved State programs. Such monitoring and evaluation inspections shall be conducted jointly with the State regulatory authority where practical and where the State so requests;
- (2) To develop or enforce Federal programs and Federal lands programs;
- (3) To enforce those requirements and permit conditions imposed under a State program not being enforced by a State, under section 504(b) or section 521(b) of the Act, part 733 of this chapter, or as provided in this section; and
- (4) To determine whether any notice of violation or cessation order issued

during an inspection authorized under this section has been complied with.

- (b)(1) An authorized representative of the Secretary shall immediately conduct a Federal inspection:
- (i) When the authorized representative has reason to believe on the basis of information available to him or her (other than information resulting from a previous Federal inspection) that there exists a violation of the Act, this chapter, the applicable program, or any condition of a permit or an exploration approval, or that there exists any condition, practice, or violation which creates an imminent danger to the health or safety of the public or is causing or could reasonably be expected to cause a significant, imminent environmental harm to land, air or water resources and-
- (ii)(A) There is no State regulatory authority or the Office is enforcing the State program under section 504(b) or 521(b) of the Act and part 733 of this chapter; or
- (B)(1) The authorized representative has notified the state regulatory authority of the possible violation and more than ten days have passed since notification and the State regulatory authority has failed to take appropriate action to cause the violation to be corrected or to show good cause for such failure and to inform the authorized representative of its response. After receiving a response from the State regulatory authority, before inspection, the authorized representative shall determine in writing whether the standards for appropriate action or good cause for such failure have been met. Failure by the State regulatory authority to respond within the ten days shall not prevent the authorized representative from making the determination, and will constitute a waiver of the state regulatory authority's right to request review under paragraph (b)(i)(iii) of this section.
- (2) For purposes of this subchapter, an action or response by a State regulatory authority that is not arbitrary, capricious, or an abuse of discretion under the state program shall be considered "appropriate action" to cause a violation to be corrected or "good cause" for failure to do so.